MEASUREMENT AND ADJUSTMENT METHODES

Process

- Measurement Condition
 - · Rec. level control; Maximum
 - Timer switch; Off
 - MPX filter switch: off
 - Blas-adjustment VR: Center
 - Rec. balance control; Center

Measuring Instrument

- EVM (Electronic Voltmeter)
- Oscilloscope
- Digital frequency counter
- AF oscillator

Test tape

- Head azimuth adjustment (8kHz, -20dB); QZZCFM
- Tape speed adjustment (3kHz, -10dB); QZZCWAT
- Playback frequency response (315Hz, 12.5kHz, 10kHz, 8kHz, 4kHz, 1kHz, 250Hz, 125Hz, 63Hz, -20dB); QZZCFM

- · Rec. calibration adjustment; Center
- · Dolby NR switch; Off
- Make sure heads are clean
- Make sure capstan and pressure roller are clean
- Judgeable room temperature 20±5°C (68±9°F)
- ATT (Attenuator)
- DC voltmeter
- Resistor (600Ω)
- Playback gain adjustment (315Hz, 0dB); QZZCFM
- Overall frequency response, Overall gain adjustment Normal reference blank tape ; QZZCRA CrO₂ reference blank tape; QZZCRX Metal reference blank tape; QZZCRZ

Adjustment Points





- * If the check bar and head do not come in contact, adjust the head with the "Tilt Adjustment Screw".
- 5. With the check bar, make sure that the check bar and tape guide do not come in contact, and visually check that the head is placed horizontally (azimuth aligned).
 - * If the check bar comes in contact with the tape guide, make adjustments as follows. (See Fig. 4.)

[If the check bar comes in contact with the top of the tape guide:]

Turn screw H (height adjustment screw) clockwise (as shown in Fig. 1) until the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide. Then turn screw T (tilt adjustment screw) in the same way as screw H was turned. Finally, turn screw A (azimuth alignment screw) counterclockwise as many degrees as screws H and T were turned.

[If the check bar comes in contact with the bottom of the tape guide:]

Turn screw H (height adjustment screw) counterclockwise until the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide. Then turn screw T (tilt adjustment screw) in the same way as screw H was turned. Finally, turn screw A (azimuth alignment screw) clockwise as many degrees as screws H and T were turned.



- Fig. 4
- 6. With the check bar, make sure that the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide on pinch arm S. If it does, make adjustment with a hex wrench (1.27mm) until the check bar does not come in contact with the pinch arm.

- 7. Then, with the check bar, make sure that the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide. If it does, turn the screw as shown in Fig. 5 until the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide.
- After making these adjustments, insert a tape with the mirror (QZZCRD) and play back the tape. Check if the tape runs smoothly (i.e. does not get twisted).
- Follow "Head Azimuth Adjustment" procedures on page 19.
- After following the adjustment procedures, repeat steps 3 to 10 and check if trouble occurs (if it does, remedy it).





Adjustment procedures when replacing "Pinch Arm S"

- 1. Install the head alignment gauge and set the play mode.
- 2. Adjust the height of the pinch arm with the check bar, using the height of tape guide on the head as reference.

If the already adjusted "Screw H (Height Adjustment Screw) and Screw T (Tilt Adjustment Screw)" are wrongly turned

- Install the head alignment gauge (QZZ0207), set the play mode, and turn screws H and T until the check bar does not come in contact with the tape guide on the head.
- . Then, follows steps 1 to 10 in "Replacing, Installing and Adjusting the Head".



OVERALL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- 1. Insert the normal blank test tape (QZZCRA) and set the unit to the record pause mode.
- Apply a reference input signal (1kHz, -24dB) through an attenuator.
- Attenuate the signal by 20dB and adjust the frequency from 50Hz~10kHz.
- 4. Record the frequency sweep.
- Playback the recorded signal and assure that it is within the range shown in Fig. 14 in comparison to the reference frequency (1kHz).
- If it is not within the standard range, adjust VR301 (L-CH) and VR302 (R-CH) so that the frequency level is within the standard range.
- Level up in high frequency rangeIncrease the bias current.
- Level down in high frequency range ... Decrease the bias current.
- Repeat steps 2~6 above using the CrO₂ tape (QZZCRX) and the metal tape (QZZCRZ) increasing the frequency range to 12.5kHz (50Hz~12.5kHz).
- 8. Assure that the level is within the range shown in Fig. 15.



ERASE CURRENT ADJUSTMENT

- Insert the Metal blank test tape (QZZCRZ) and set the unit to the Record Pause mode.
- Adjust VR304 so that the output between TP6 and GND is within the standard value.
 - Standard value: 190±5mA (Metal)...EVM Reading: 190±5mV

dbx TIMING ADJUSTMENT

- 1.Shift the noise reduction switch to the dbx position.
- Playback the gain adjustment portion (315 Hz, 0 dB) of the test tape (QZZCFM).
- 3. Connect a DC voltmeter across TP1 (TP4) and TP2 (TP3).
- Adjust VR501 (VR502) so that the output is within the standard value.

Standard value: DC18.4mV ± 0.5mV

HX-PRO ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Insert the Metal blank tape (QZZCRZ) and set the unit to the Record Pause mode.
- 2. Connect a DC voltmeter across TP15 (L-CH) and GND, TP16 (R-CH) and GND.
- Adjust L303 (L-CH) and L302 (R-CH)so that the output is the minimum value.













Fig. 17

